

Lessons Learned from Peru and Best Practices to Develop National Strategy to Prevent Stunting

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Best Practices from Peru



5-by-5-by-5 goal from President Candidates



High Level Commitment



Behavior Change of the Community



Weight Monitoring & Immunization



Nutrition Counseling



Pregnant Mother Camp



Early Child Education & Development



Water, Sanitation & Hygiene



Civil Registration



Integrated Target from National to the Sub-National Level



Social Monitoring



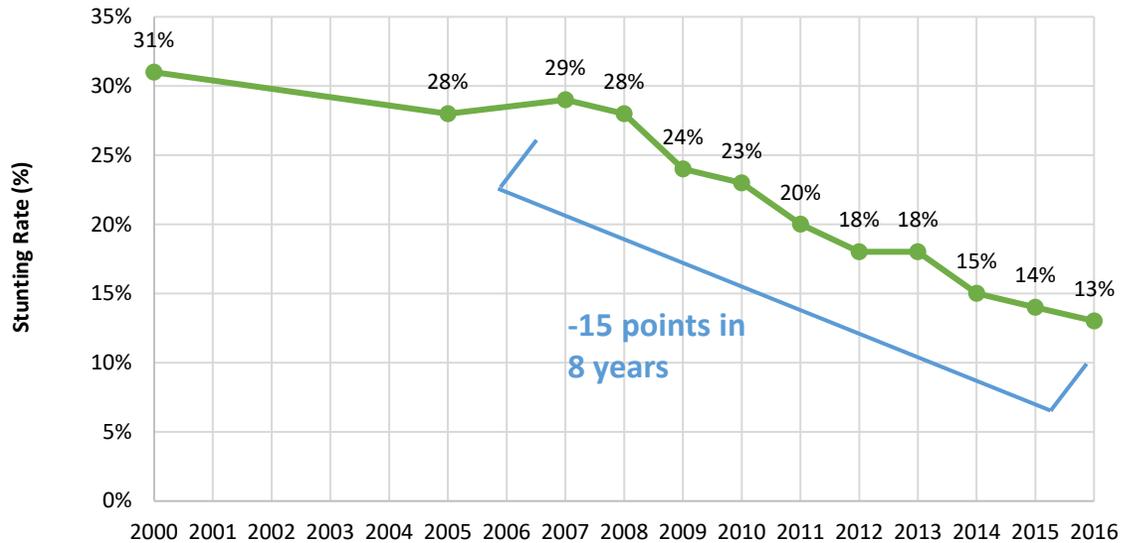
Lesson Learned from Peru



5 Key Approaches

1. Clear target in national and regional level
2. Result-based budgeting
3. Geographical target of implementation program
4. Annual survey in national and sub-national level
5. Social monitoring

Peru succeed to decrease stunting prevalence 50% in 1 decade



3 Key Factors

- ✓ High Political Commitment
- ✓ Right Policy
 - Evidence based intervention
 - Incentive System
 - Focus on result
 - Multisector support
- ✓ Behavior Change
 - Government → Stunting not only considered as hunger problem but as public health problem
 - Community, government, and organization → support to ensure that stunting become political priority
 - Parents → nutritional problem monitoring and participate in behavior change communication

5 Priority Interventions in Peru

- 1 Maternal & Child Health
- 2 Nutrition Counseling
- 3 Early Child Education & Development
- 4 Water, Sanitation & Hygiene
- 5 Civil Registration



Stunting Problem and Presidential Commitment in Indonesia



Average of Stunting Reduction

1,3%/year

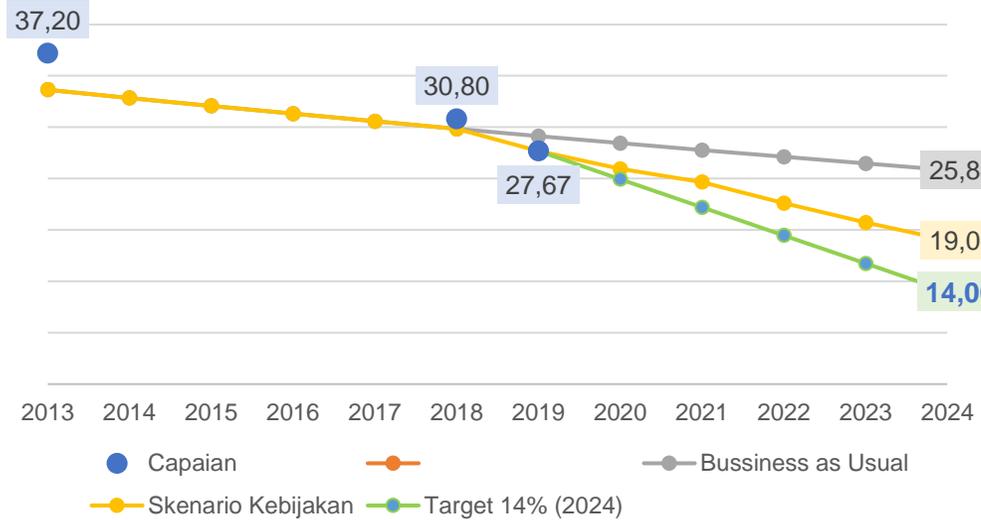
1,7%/year

2,7%/year

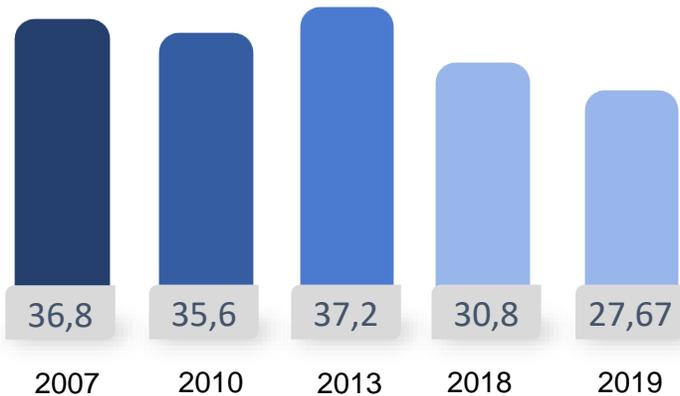
Great efforts

Stunting

- Stunting prevalence continue to decline, but the number is still high.
- Stunting happen almost in every part of the country and in all level of socio-economic groups.
- The causes of stunting are multidimensional, not only poverty and access to food but also parenting and child feeding.



The Development of *Stunting* Prevalence, 2010-2019



Source: Riskesdas (2007-2018) and SSGB 2019

Presidential Decree No. 18 of 2020 about RPJMN 2020-2024

	Baseline	Target
Stunting Under 5 (%)	27,7 (SSGBI, 2019)	14 (2024)
Wasting Under 5 (%)	10,2 (Riskesdas, 2018)	7 (2024)

RPJMN 2020-2024 :

- **National Priority:** Stunting Reduction
- **Major Project:** Acceleration of Maternal Mortality and Stunting Reduction



Draft of Presidential Decree for Acceleration of Stunting Reduction

Objective:

Accelerate stunting reduction to reach 14% by 2024

Initiator:

- Ministry of National Development Planning
- 25 ministries/institutions

Status:

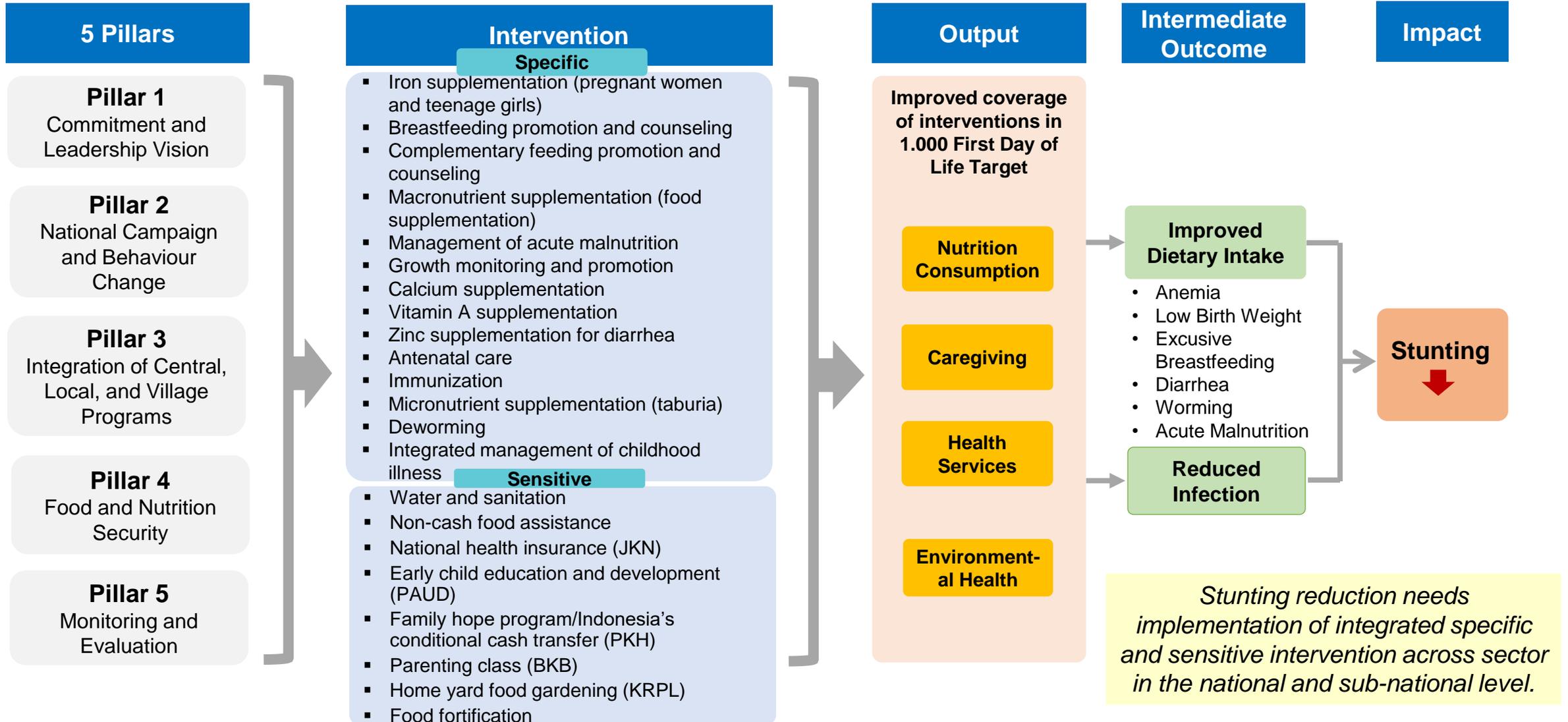
Final Draft has been agreed, to be processed to the President

Content:

1. Convergence of stunting intervention in the national, regional, and district level.
2. Target indicator that must be reached between 2020 and 2024.
3. Specific and sensitive intervention include target and indicator for ministries/institutions.
4. Coordination governance in planning, implementation, monitoring, and evaluation



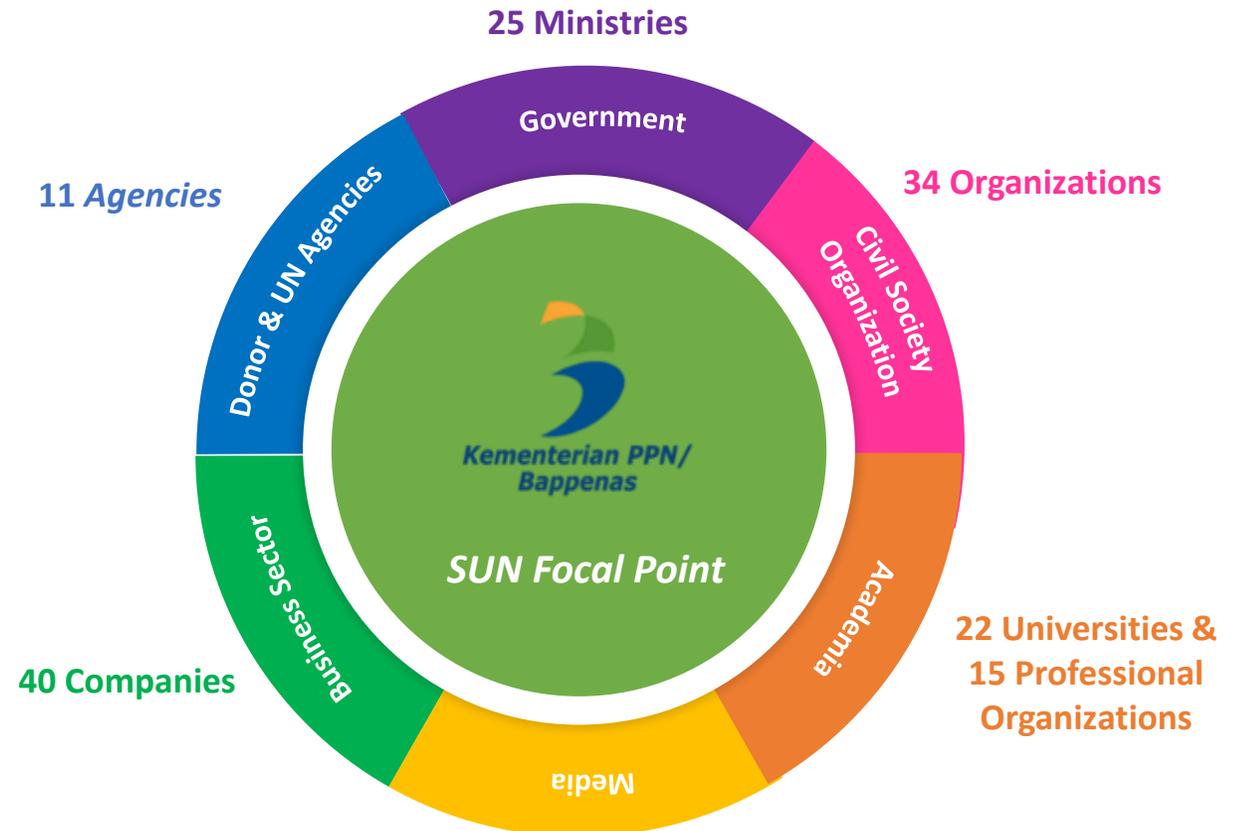
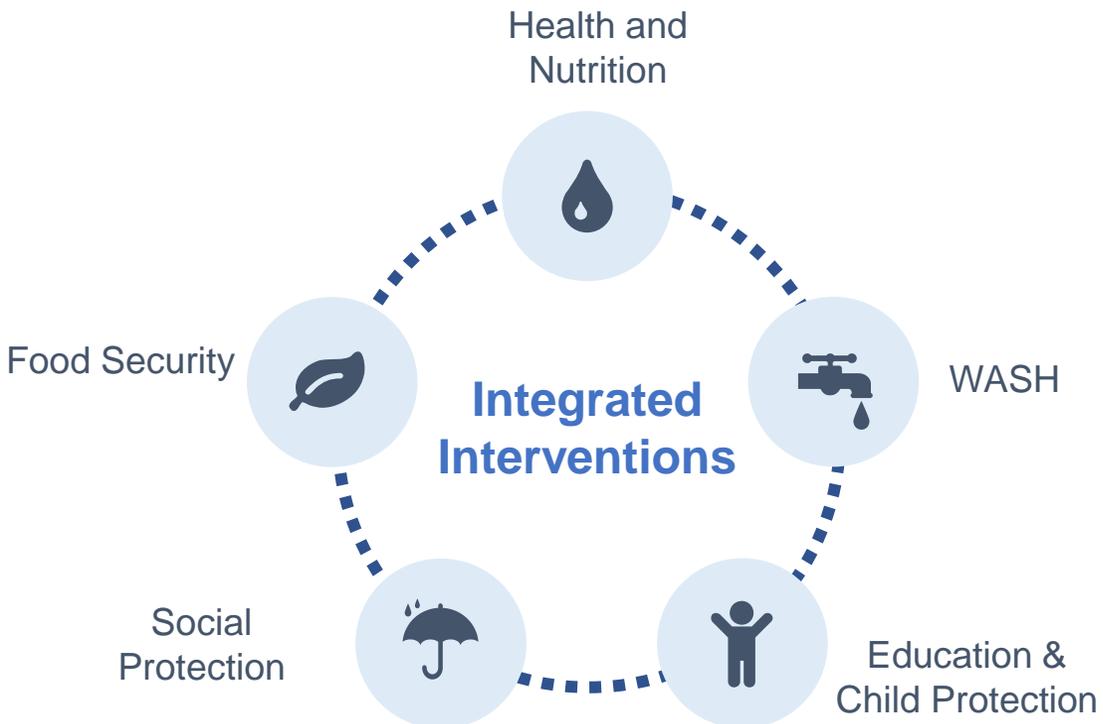
Integrated Intervention through Multisectoral Approach for Stunting Reduction





Multi-sectoral and Multi-stakeholders Approaches

Stunting is **multi-dimensional problem** that requires **multisectoral efforts** involving **all stakeholders** through program coordination in the **national** and **sub-national level**





Convergence and Integration in The Sub-National Level



8 Integration Actions in District Level

“An instrument in the form of activities to increase the integration of intervention in stunting reduction”



Convergence in Stunting Reduction Acceleration

Convergence is an effort to ensure all the intervention reach the target.

Priority location

2018	100 districts
2019	160 districts
2020	260 districts
2021	360 districts
2022	460 districts
2023	514 districts
2024	514 districts



- Priority location as a reference for ministries/institutions and stakeholders in prioritizing their programs/activities
- Focus location selection criteria:**
 - Number of Stunting Under 5
 - Stunting Prevalence
 - Level of Poverty
 - District with high commitment and best practices
 - Location equality in every province

THANK YOU



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